UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA

Paul Gestach,	Civil Action No.
Plaintiff,	
v.	
Auto Butler, Inc.,	
Defendant.	

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1441 and 1446, Defendant Auto Butler, Inc. ("Auto Butler") files this Notice of Removal of the above-captioned case to this Court and, in support of removal, respectfully states as follows:

- 1. Auto Butler is the defendant in a civil action styled, *Paul Gestach v. Auto Butler, Inc.*, Fourth Judicial District, Hennepin County, Minnesota, Case No. 27-CV-19-14774.
- 2. Auto Butler received the summons and complaint on September 9, 2019, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit A, which is the only process received by Auto Butler.
- 3. This Notice of Removal is therefore filed within thirty (30) days of receipt of the complaint and is timely filed under 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b).
- 4. This is a civil action over which the District Courts of the United States have original jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331, because the Complaint seeks relief under

the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. §§ 201, et seq., and related federal regulations.

- 5. Plaintiff was employed as an interstate truck driver for Auto Butler and the FLSA provides an exemption to overtime rules for "any employee with respect to whom the Secretary of Transportation has power to establish qualifications and maximum hours of service pursuant to the provisions of section 31502 of title 49," commonly referred to as the Motor Carrier Act Exemption. See 29 U.S.C. 213(b)(1).
- 6. Plaintiff also brings claims for overtime pay under Minnesota's Fair Labor Standards
 Act and California's Labor Code, but the Motor Carrier Act Exemption precludes
 applicability of these causes of action. This Court may maintain supplemental
 jurisdiction of the state law claims in this case, which are so related to the federal
 FLSA claim that they form part of the same case or controversy. 28 .U.S.C § 1367(a).
- 7. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(d), Auto Butler will promptly give notice to Plaintiff's counsel and file a copy of this Notice of Removal with the Hennepin County Court Administrator in the form attached as Exhibit B.

WHEREFORE, Auto Butler, the only defendant in this action, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1441 and in conformance with the requirements set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1446 and the Rules of the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota, removes this action for trial from the District Court for the Fourth Judicial District, Hennepin County, Minnesota.

HENSON & EFRON, P.A.

Dated: October 8, 2019

By /s/Scott A. Neilson

Scott A. Neilson, #239951 220 South Sixth Street, Suite 1800 Minneapolis, MN 55402-4503 (612) 339-2500 sneilson@hensonefron.com

Attorneys for Defendant

STATE OF MINNESOTA	DISTRICT COURT FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT Case Type: Civi	
COUNTY OF HENNEPIN		
PAUL GESTACH,		
Plaintiff,	Case No.:	
v.	SUMMONS	
AUTO BUTLER, INC.,		
Defendant.		

THIS SUMMONS IS DIRECTED TO AUTO BUTLER, INC.

- 1. YOU ARE BEING SUED. The Plaintiff has started a lawsuit against you. The Plaintiff's Complaint against you is attached to this summons. Do not throw these papers away. They are official papers that affect your rights. You must respond to this lawsuit even though it may not yet be filed with the Court and there may be no court file number on this summons.
- 2. YOU MUST REPLY WITHIN 20 DAYS TO PROTECT YOUR RIGHTS. You must give or mail to the person who signed this summons a written response called an Answer within 20 days of the date on which you received this Summons. You must send a copy of your Answer to the person who signed this summons located at:

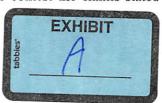
Johnson Becker, PLLC

Attn: Jennell K. Shannon

444 Cedar Street, Suite 1800

St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

- 3. YOU MUST RESPOND TO EACH CLAIM. The Answer is your written response to the Plaintiff's Complaint. In your Answer you must state whether you agree or disagree with each paragraph of the Complaint. If you believe the Plaintiff should not be given everything asked for in the Complaint, you must say so in your Answer.
- 4. YOU WILL LOSE YOUR CASE IF YOU DO NOT SEND A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THE COMPLAINT TO THE PERSON WHO SIGNED THIS SUMMONS. If you do not Answer within 20 days, you will lose this case. You will not get to tell your side of the story, and the Court may decide against you and award the Plaintiff everything asked for in the complaint. If you do not want to contest the claims stated in the



complaint, you do not need to respond. A default judgment can then be entered against you for the relief requested in the complaint.

- 5. LEGAL ASSISTANCE. You may wish to get legal help from a lawyer. If you do not have a lawyer, the Court Administrator may have information about places where you can get legal assistance. Even if you cannot get legal help, you must still provide a written Answer to protect your rights or you may lose the case.
- 6. ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION. The parties may agree to or be ordered to participate in an alternative dispute resolution process under Rule 114 of the Minnesota General Rules of Practice. You must still send your written response to the Complaint even if you expect to use alternative means of resolving this dispute.

08/30/2019 Jennell K. Shannon Dated

Jennell K. Shannon Jennell K. Shannon Johnson Becker, PLLC 444 Cedar Street, Suite 1800

St. Paul, MN 55101

STATE OF MINNESOTA

DISTRICT COURT

COUNTY OF HENNEPIN

FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

Case Type: Civil

PAUL GESTACH,

Case No.:

Plaintiff,

v. <u>COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES</u>

AUTO BUTLER, INC.,

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Defendant.

Plaintiff, PAUL GESTACH ("Gestach" or "Plaintiff") by and through the undersigned attorneys, brings this Complaint against Defendant, AUTO BUTLER, INC. d/b/a "Broadway Equipment," "Broadway Equipment Company" and/or "Broadway Car Wash Equipment," ("Broadway" or "Defendant"), states as follows:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This Complaint is brought by Plaintiff to recover for Defendant's willful violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. §§ 201, et seq., the Minnesota Fair Labor Standards Act ("MFLSA"), Minn. Stat. §§ 177.21, et seq., California's Labor Code, specifically §§ 510 and 512, and other appropriate rules, regulations, statutes, and ordinances. Specifically, Defendant failed to compensate Plaintiff at the overtime premium rate for all hours worked over 40 in one workweek, as required under the FLSA, MFLSA, and California's Labor Code.
- 2. Broadway is a car wash design, manufacturing and supply company located in Minneapolis, Minnesota. Broadway describes itself as a "true, factory-direct, single-source supplier for the entire wash system, accountable for the sales, service and support of everything we provide." See Design and Manufacturing, Broadway Car Wash Equipment,

https://broadwayequipment.com/manufacturing/ (last visited August 30, 2019). Specifically, Broadway designs car washes, manufactures them, transports them to the buyer or "customer's" site, and assembles and installs the car wash for the customer.

- 3. Defendant employed Plaintiff as a Driver and Installer from December 8, 2008 until July 30, 2019. Plaintiff was employed full-time at the rate of \$22.25 per hour. Plaintiff's job was to transport the car wash to Defendant's customer, install the car wash, and remove the old car wash, if needed. As part of his job Plaintiff occasionally performed work in California.
- 4. Plaintiff routinely worked in excess of forty (40) hours per workweek for Defendant. Plaintiff was not compensated at the overtime premium rate of one and one-half times his standard rate of pay for any hours worked in excess of forty (40) in one workweek, as required by the FLSA and MFLSA.
- 5. Plaintiff routinely worked in excess of eight (8) hours per workday for Defendant while he performed work in California. Plaintiff was not compensated at the overtime premium rate of one and one-half times his standard rate of pay for any hours worked in excess of eight (8) in one day, as required by California's Labor Code.
- 6. The U.S. Department of Labor specifically condemns an employer's nonpayment of overtime: "Unless specifically exempted, employees covered by the Act must receive overtime pay for hours worked in excess of 40 in a workweek at a rate not less than time and one-half their regular rates of pay." See U.S. Department of Labor, DOL Fact Sheet #23 at 1, available at https://www.dol.gov/whd/regs/compliance/whdfs23.pdf.
- 7. The State of Minnesota equally condemns nonpayment of overtime. The purpose of the MFLSA is to "safeguard existing minimum wage and overtime compensation standards that maintain workers' health, efficiency, and general well-being against the unfair competition and

wage and hour standards that do not " Minn. Stat. § 177.22.

- 8. California likewise requires employers to pay employees overtime, as well as compensate employees for regular breaks; for the purpose of "promot[ing] and develop[ing] the welfare of the wage earners in California, to improve their working conditions and to advance their opportunities for profitable employment." The Laws Relating to the Time, Manner, and Payment of Wages, State of California Department of Industrial Relations, Division of Labor Standards Enforcement 2, available at https://www.dir.ca.gov/dlse/lawstimemannerpaymentwages.pdf (last visited August 30, 2019).
- 9. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself to recover unpaid wages and overtime, liquidated damages, penalties, fees and costs, pre- and post-judgment interest, and any other remedies to which he may be entitled.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 10. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendant pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 484.01 subd. 1(1) because this lawsuit is a civil action and Defendant is based, resides, and conducts business in Minnesota.
- 11. Hennepin County is the proper venue pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 542.09 as the Defendant resides in Hennepin County. Further, Hennepin County is the proper venue pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 542.08 because the acts and/or omissions giving rise to the claims herein occurred within Hennepin County.
- 12. Further, this Court has jurisdiction over Defendant pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 177.27, subd. 9, because Plaintiff alleges the violations of the MFLSA to have been committed within the State of Minnesota and Hennepin County, and further Defendant maintains its principal place of business within Hennepin County.

PARTIES

- 13. Paul Gestach is an individual who resides in the city of Edina, county of Hennepin, Minnesota. Gestach was employed by Defendant as a Driver and Installer from December 8, 2008 until July 30, 2019. Plaintiff's Consent to Sue is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.
- 14. Defendant Auto Butler Inc. is a Minnesota company doing business as "Broadway Equipment," "Broadway Equipment Company" and/or "Broadway Car Wash." According to its website, www.broadwayequipment.com, Broadway's principal place of business is located at 4701 Humboldt Avenue North, Minneapolis, MN 55430. Defendant has no Registered Agent, but can be served at its Registered Office Address, 4701 Humboldt Avenue North, Minneapolis, MN 55430.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 15. Plaintiff was hired on or around December 8, 2008, as a Driver and Installer for Defendant.
- 16. Plaintiff's primary duties as a Driver and Installer included transporting car washes to Defendant's customers via truck, unloading the truck, but primarily Plaintiff was responsible for installing the car wash and equipment, removing the old car wash (if needed), before he transported the equipment back to Broadway's place of business.
- 17. Although Plaintiff drove Defendant's car washes to the locations of Defendant's various customers, the vast majority of Plaintiff's time was spent on-site at the customer's location installing and disassembling car washes.
- 18. At all relevant times Plaintiff was a W-2 employee and paid an hourly rate of \$22.25 per hour. At all relevant times Plaintiff was a non-exempt employee.

¹ While Defendant does business under all three names, Defendant has not legally registered or maintained a "legal" d/b/a for "Broadway Car Wash" or "Broadway Equipment" since 2015.

- 19. Despite his status as a non-exempt employee, Plaintiff was never paid at the overtime premium rate for all hours worked in excess of forty (40) in one workweek.
 - 20. The FLSA provides that:

No employer shall employ any of his employees . . . for a workweek longer than forty hours unless such employee receives compensation for his employment in excess of the hours above specified at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he is employed.

29 U.S.C. § 207(a)(1).

21. The MFLSA provides:

No employer shall employ an employee for a workweek longer than 48 hours, unless the employee receives compensation for employment in excess of 48 hours in a workweek at a rate of at least 1-1/2 times the regular rate at which the employee is employed.

Minn. Stat. § 177.25, subd. 1.

- 22. Additionally, California's Labor Code requires that employers compensate employees at an overtime premium rate of one and one-half times the employee's standard rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours in one day, all hours worked over forty (40) in one workweek, and all hours worked on the seventh day of any workweek. Cal. Labor Code § 510(a). California's Labor Code requires employers to compensate employees at two times their standard rate of pay for any hours worked in excess of twelve (12) in one workday. See id.
- 23. California's Labor Code requires employers to provide employees with regular rest or meal breaks. Cal. Labor Code § 512(a). If the employer fails to provide the employee with rest or meal break, "the employer shall pay the employee one additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that the meal or rest or recovery period is not provided." Cal. Labor Code § 226.7, subd. c.
 - 24. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant suffered or permitted Plaintiff to

routinely perform work in excess of forty (40) hours per week, forty-eight (48) per week, or eight (8) hours per day (for work performed in California) without compensating Plaintiff at the federal and state-required overtime rates.

- 25. Defendant knew or should have known that, under the FLSA, Plaintiff should have been paid at Plaintiff's overtime premium rate for all hours worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week, forty-eight (48) per week, or eight (8) hours per day (for work performed in California).
- 26. Despite this, Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff at the federal and state mandated overtime premium rates.
- 27. Defendant willfully, or in reckless disregard, engaged, adopted and then adhered to its policy and practice of withholding overtime pay from Plaintiff. This policy resulted in Plaintiff not being paid correctly, in violation of the FLSA, MFLSA, and/or California Labor Code.

<u>COUNT I</u> <u>VIOLATION OF THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT,</u> 29 U.S.C. §§ 201, et seg., FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME WAGES

- 28. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates all previous paragraphs herein.
- 29. At all times relevant to this action, Defendant was an "employer" under the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d), subject to the provisions of 29 U.S.C. §§ 201, et seq.
- 30. Upon information and belief, Defendant's annual sales exceed \$500,000 and it has more than two employees, thus the FLSA applies in this case on an enterprise basis. See 29 U.S.C. § 203(s)(1)(A).
- 31. Plaintiff was either (1) engaged in commerce; or (2) engaged in the production of goods for commerce; or (3) employed in an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce and therefore, he is also covered by the FLSA on an individual basis.
- 32. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff was an "employee" of Defendant within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(e)(1).

- 33. Plaintiff's position is not exempt from the FLSA.
- 34. At all times relevant to this action, Defendant "suffered or permitted" Plaintiff to work and thus "employed" him within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(g).
- 35. The FLSA requires an employer to pay employees the federally-mandated overtime premium rate of one and a half times their regular rate of pay for every hour worked in excess of forty (40) hours per workweek. 29 U.S.C. § 207.
- 36. Defendant violated the FLSA by failing to pay Plaintiff the federally-mandated overtime premium for all hours worked in excess of forty (40) hours per workweek.
- 37. Upon information and belief, Defendant has policies and practices of evading overtime pay for its hourly workers for all compensable time worked.
- 38. Upon information and belief, Defendant's violations of the FLSA were knowing and willful.
- 39. By failing to compensate Plaintiff at a rate not less than one and one-half times his regular rate of pay for Plaintiff's work performed in excess of forty hours in a workweek, Defendant has violated the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 201, et seq., including 29 U.S.C. §§ 207(a)(1) and 215(a).
- 40. The FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), provides that as a remedy for a violation of the Act, an employee is entitled to his or her unpaid overtime wages plus an additional equal amount in liquidated damages, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees.
- 41. Defendant is thus liable to Plaintiff for Plaintiff's unpaid overtime premiums in an amount to be determined at trial, in addition to interest, reasonable attorney's fees, and costs of suit as provided by the FLSA.

VIOLATION OF THE MINNESOTA FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT,

MINN. STAT. §§ 177.21, et seg., FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME WAGES

- 42. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates all previous paragraphs herein.
- 43. At all times relevant to this action, Defendant was an "employer" under the MFLSA, see Minn. Stat. § 177.23, subd. 6, subject to the provisions of the MFLSA, Minn. Stat. §§ 177.21, et seq.
- 44. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff was an "employee" of Defendant. See Minn. Stat. § 177.23, subd. 7.
 - 45. Plaintiff's position is not exempt from the MFLSA.
- 46. At all times relevant to this action, Defendant "suffered or permitted" Plaintiff to work and thus "employed" him within the meaning of the MFLSA. See Minn. Stat. § 177.23, subd. 5.
- 47. The MFLSA requires an employer to pay employees an overtime premium rate of one and one-half times the employee's regular rate of pay for every hour worked in excess of forty-eight (48) hours in one workweek. Minn. Stat. § 177.25, subd. 1.
 - 48. Plaintiff regularly worked in excess of forty-eight (48) hours per workweek.
- 49. Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff at the statutorily-required overtime premium rate for any hours worked in excess of forty-eight (48) hours in one workweek, violating the provisions of the MFLSA.
- 50. Upon information and belief, Defendant has policies and practices of evading overtime pay for its hourly workers for all compensable time worked.
- 51. Upon information and belief, Defendant's violations of the FLSA were knowing and willful.
- 52. By failing to compensate Plaintiff at a rate not less than one and one-half times his regular rate of pay for Plaintiff's work performed in excess of forty hours in a workweek,

Defendant has violated the MFLSA, specifically, Minn. Stat. § 177.25, subd. 1.

- 53. The MFLSA provides that as a remedy for a violation of the Act, an employee is entitled to his or her unpaid overtime wages plus an additional equal amount in liquidated damages, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees. See Minn. Stat. § 177.27, subds. 8, 10.
- 54. Defendant is thus liable to Plaintiff for Plaintiff's unpaid overtime premiums in an amount to be determined at trial, in addition to interest, reasonable attorney's fees, and costs of suit as provided by the MFLSA.

COUNT III VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE § 510, and IWC WAGE ORDER NO. 9, FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME WAGES

- 55. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates all previous paragraphs herein.
- 56. At all times while Plaintiff performed work for Defendant within the State of California, Plaintiff was an "employee" and Defendant was an "employer" under California's Labor Code.
 - 57. Cal. Labor Code § 510 provides:

Any work in excess of eight hours in one workday and any work in excess of 40 hours in any one workweek and the first eight hours worked on the seventh day of work in any one workweek shall be compensated at the rate of no less than one and on-half times the regular rate of pay for an employee. Any work in excess of 12 hours in one day shall be compensated at the rate of no less than twice the regular rate of pay for an employee. In addition, any work in excess of eight hours on any seventh day of a workweek shall be compensated at the rate of no less than twice the regular rate of pay of any employee.

Cal. Labor Code § 510(a).

58. Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order No. 9 provides that all employees engaged in the transportation industry are entitled to the same overtime pay provisions as those set forth in Cal. Labor Code § 510. See IWC Wage Order No. 9 (2018) at 3-4, available at https://www.dir.ca.gov/IWC/IWCArticle9.pdf.

- 59. Thus, at all relevant times, in addition to the FLSA, Defendant was required to compensate Plaintiff at an overtime rate of one and one-half times his regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day and forty (40) hours in one workweek under the Cal. Labor Code and IWC Wage Order No. 9 for all of Plaintiff's work performed in California.
- 60. Plaintiff worked in excess of eight (8) hours in one workday, and forty (40) hours in one workweek while employed by Defendant and performing work within the State of California. Plaintiff should have been compensated at the rate of one and one-half times his standard rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of eight hours in one workday, and 40 hours in one workweek, but he was not.
- 61. Plaintiff additionally occasionally worked in excess of 12 hours in one day and/or worked on the seventh day of a workweek, but was not compensated at twice his regular rate for hours worked over 12 hours in one day, nor was he compensated at the rate of one and one-half his standard rate of pay for hours worked on the seventh day of a workweek, as required by Cal. Labor Code § 510.
- 62. Cal. Labor Code § 1194 provides that "any employee receiving less than the legal minimum wage or the legal overtime compensation applicable to the employee is entitled to recover in a civil action the unpaid balance of the full amount of this minimum wage or overtime compensation, including interest thereon, reasonable attorney's fees, and costs of suit." Cal. Labor Code § 1194(a).
- 63. Defendant is thus liable to Plaintiff for Plaintiff's unpaid overtime premiums in an amount to be determined at trial, in addition to interest, reasonable attorney's fees, and costs of suit as provided by Cal. Labor Code § 1194(a).

COUNT IV
VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE § 512 and IWC WAGE ORDER NO. 9,

FAILURE TO PROVIDE REST, MEAL, OR RECOVERY PERIOD BREAKS

- 64. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates all previous paragraphs herein.
- 65. At all times while Plaintiff performed work for Defendant within the State of California, Plaintiff was an "employee" and Defendant was an "employer" under California's Labor Code.
- 66. Cal. Labor Code § 512 directs that "[a]n employer shall not employ an employee for a work period of more than five hours per day without providing the employee with a meal period of not less than 30 minutes, except that if the total work period per day of the employee is no more than six hours, the meal period may be waived by mutual consent" Cal. Labor Code. § 512(a). Cal. Labor Code. § 512 also provides that "[a]n employer shall not employ an employee for a work period of more than 10 hours per day without providing the employee with a second meal period of not less than 30 minutes, except that if the total hours worked is no more than 12 hours, the second meal period may be waived by mutual consent" Id.
- 67. Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order No. 9 provides that all employees engaged in the transportation industry are entitled to the same meal, rest, and recovery period provisions as those set forth in Cal. Labor Code § 512. *See* IWC Wage Order No. 9 (2018) at 7–8, available at https://www.dir.ca.gov/IWC/IWCArticle9.pdf.
- 68. Where the employer fails to provide the employee with a meal, rest, or recovery period, "the employer shall pay the employee one additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that the meal or rest or recovery period is not provided." Cal. Labor Code. § 226.7, subd. c.
- 69. Cal. Labor Code § 1194 provides that "any employee receiving less than the legal minimum wage or the legal overtime compensation applicable to the employee is entitled to recover in a civil action the unpaid balance of the full amount of this minimum wage or overtime

compensation, including interest thereon, reasonable attorney's fees, and costs of suit." Cal. Labor Code § 1194(a).

- 70. When Plaintiff travelled to California and installed car washes for Defendant's customers located within the State of California, Plaintiff regularly worked in excess of five hours per day, and regularly worked in excess of ten hours per day, without rest, meal, or recovery period breaks.
 - 71. Plaintiff did not waive his right to rest, meal, or recovery period breaks.
- 72. Defendant is thus liable to Plaintiff for Plaintiff's foregone meal, rest, or recovery period breaks in an amount to be determined at trial, in addition to interest, reasonable attorney's fees, and costs of suit as provided by Cal. Labor Code § 1194(a).

REQUEST FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests the following relief:

- a. Declaring that Defendant violated its obligations under the FLSA;
- b. Declaring that Defendant willfully violated the FLSA and its attendant regulations as set forth above;
- c. Declaring that Defendant violated its obligations under the MFLSA;
- d. Declaring that Defendant willfully violated the MFLSA and its attendant regulations as set forth above;
- e. Declaring that Defendant violated its obligations under the California Labor Code;
- f. Granting judgment in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendant and awarding the amount of unpaid overtime wages calculated at the rate of one-half (.5) times the Plaintiff's regular rate multiplied by all hours that Plaintiff worked in excess of 40 hours per week for the past three years as owed under the FLSA;
- g. Granting judgment in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendant and awarding the amount of unpaid overtime wages calculated at the rate of one-half (.5) times the Plaintiff's regular rate multiplied by all hours that Plaintiff worked in excess of 48 hours per week for the past three years as owed under the MFLSA;

- h. Granting judgment in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendant and awarding the amount of unpaid overtime wages calculated at the rate of one-half (.5) times the Plaintiff's regular rate multiplied by all hours that Plaintiff worked in excess of 8 hours per day, 40 hours per week, or any hours worked by Plaintiff on the seventh day of the workweek for the past three years as owed under the California Labor Code;
- i. Granting judgment in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendant and awarding the amount of unpaid overtime wages calculated at the rate of one (1) times the Plaintiff's regular rate multiplied by all hours that Plaintiff worked in excess of 12 hours per day, for the past three years as owed under the California Labor Code;
- j. Granting judgment in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendant and awarding statutory damages for Defendant's violations of Cal. Labor Code § 512 for failure to provide meal, rest, or recovery breaks for the past three years as owed under the California Labor Code;
- k. Awarding liquidated damages to Plaintiff, in an amount equal to the amount of unpaid wages found owing to Plaintiff; and awarding Plaintiff and the Class members all other available compensatory damages available by law;
- 1. Awarding reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred by Plaintiff in filing this action as provided by statute;
- m. Awarding pre- and post-judgment interest to Plaintiff on these damages;
- n. Awarding all legal and equitable relief to Plaintiff under the FLSA; and
- o. Such further relief as this court deems appropriate.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury of all claims asserted in this Complaint.

Dated: August 30, 2019

JOHNSON BECKER, PLLC

/s/ Jennell K. Shannon

Jennell K. Shannon (MN Bar No. 0398672) 444 Cedar Street, Suite 1800 Saint Paul, Minnesota Telephone: (612) 436-1800 Fax: (612) 436-1801 jshannon@johnsonbecker.com

Counsel for Plaintiff

27-CV-19-14774

Filed in District Court State of Minnesota 8/30/2019 5:17 PM

MINN. STAT. § 549.211 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The undersigned acknowledges that sanctions may be imposed pursuant to Minn. Stat. §

549.211.

Dated: 8/30/2019

Respectfully Submitted,

/s/ Jennell K. Shannon Jennell K. Shannon CASE 0:19-cv-02680-NEB-BRT Document 1 Filed 10/08/19 Page 20 of 27

27-CV-19-14774

Filed in District Court State of Minnesota 8/30/2019 5:17 PM

EXHIBIT 1

STATE	OF	MIN	INES	OTA

DISTRICT COURT

cot	JNTY OF HENNEPIN	FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT Case Type: Civil
PAUL GESTACH,		Caro No.
	Plaintiff,	Case No.:
	v.	CONSENT TO SUE
AUT	O BUTLER, INC.,	
	Defendant.	
1.	I understand that this lawsuit asser	rts claims under the Fair Labor Standard Act ("FLSA"),
29 U	S.C. §§ 201 et seq., and concerns A	Auto Butler, Inc. ("Defendant")'s alleged failure to pay
overt	time wages to me.	
2.	I represent that Defendant employe	ed me as a Driver and Installer in the last three years and
did 1	not pay me all of my overtime pren	niums owed for my hours worked in excess of 40 per
work	zweek.	
3.	Pursuant to the Fair Labor Standar	rds Act, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), I hereby consent to sue.
4.	I agree to be bound by any adjudi-	cation or court rulings in the lawsuit, whether favorable
or un	nfavorable.	
5.	(1). (4)	r, PLLC to represent me in this lawsuit.
	ature: Paul Gestach (Aug 29, 2019) : Name: Paul Gestach	
Print	Name: 1 441 34314411	
Date	8/29/2019	

27-CV-19-14774

Filed in District Court State of Minnesota 8/30/2019 5:17 PM

STATE OF MINNESOTA

DISTRICT COURT

COUNTY OF HENNEPIN	FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT Case Type: Civi		
PAUL GESTACH,	Case No.:		
Plaintiff,	Case 140		
v.	<u>CIVIL COVER SHEET</u> (Non-Family Case Type)		
AUTO BUTLER, INC.,	Minn. R. Gen. Prac. 104		
Defendant.			

Date Case Filed: 8/30/2019

This civil cover sheet must be filed by the initial filing lawyer or party, if unrepresented by legal counsel, unless the court orders all parties or their legal counsel to complete this form. Once the initial civil cover sheet is filed, opposing lawyers or unrepresented parties who have not already been ordered to complete this form may submit their own cover sheet within ten days after being served with the initial cover sheet. See Rule 104 of the General Rules of Practice for the District Courts.

If information is not known to the filing party at the time of filing, it shall be provided to the Court Administrator in writing by the filing party within seven (7) days of learning the information. Any party impleading additional parties shall provide the same information to the Court Administrator. The Court Administrator shall, upon receipt of the completed certificate, notify all parties or their lawyers, if represented by counsel, of the date of filing the action and the file number assigned.

ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF			ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT		
Jennell K. Sha	nnon				
Attorney Name			Attorney Name		
444 Cedar Stre	et, Suite 1800				~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Postal Address			Postal Address		
St. Paul	MN	55101			
City	State	Zip Code	City	State	Zip Code

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(612) 436-1800		()	ne Number			
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jshannon@johnsonbecke E-mail address	:.com	E-mail a	ddress			
0398672						
Minnesota Attorney Lice	nse No.	Minnesc	Minnesota Attorney License No.			
PLAINTIFF, Self-represe	ented	DEFEN	DEFENDANT, Self-represented			
Name		Name				
Postal Address		Postal A	ddress			
City Sta	te Zip Code	City	State	Zip Code		
()		()	l			
Telephone Number		Telepho	ne Number			
E-mail address		E-mail a	ıddress			
(Attach addition sheet for	additional attorney	s / parties)				
Note: If either Plaintiff number and attorney I immediately.	or Defendant gets a D number must b	n attorney, the e given in w	attorney's nam riting to the	e, address, telephone Court Administrator		
1. Provide a concise	statement of the cas	se including fac	ts and legal bas	is:		
Action for unpaid wages	pursuant to 29 U.S.	C. §§ 201, et sec	<u>1</u> .			
2. Date Complaint w	as served:	TBD				
3. For Expedited Lit	igation Track (ELT)	Pilot Courts or	ıly:			
a. \square the parties	jointly and volunt	arily agree that	this case shall	I be governed by the		
Special Rules	for ELT Pilot. Date	of agreement:		and the state of t		

	b. \square The court is requested to consider excluding this case from ELT for the following
	reasons:
	Note: ELT is mandatory in certain cases, and where mandatory, exclusion may also be
	sought by timely motion under the Special Rules for ELT Pilot.
	c. Anticipated number of trial witnesses:
	d. Amount of medical expenses to date:
	e. Amount of lost wages to date:
	f. Identify any known subrogation interests:
4.	Estimated discovery completion within <u>TBD</u> months from the date of this form.
5.	Disclosure / discovery of electronically stored information discussed with other party?
•	X No Yes, date of discussion:
	If Yes, list agreements, plans, and disputes:
6.	Proposed trial start date: TBD
7.	Estimated trial time: <u>TBD</u> days <u>TBD</u> hours (estimates less than a day must be
	stated in hours).
8.	Jury trial is:
	waived by consent of pursuant to Minn. R. Civ. P. 38.02.
	(specify party) X requested by Plaintiff (NOTE: Applicable fee must be enclosed) (specify party)
9.	Physical/mental/blood examination pursuant to Minn. R. Civ. P. 35 is requested:
	□ Yes X No
10.	Identify any party or witness who will require interpreter services, and describe the services needed (specifying language, and if known, particular dialect):
11.	Issues in dispute: unpaid wages, unpaid overtime, liquidated damages, and attorneys' fees
	and costs.
12.	Case Type / Category: Other Civil (NOTE: select case type from
	Form 23, Subject Matter Index for Civil Cases, appended to the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure).

13. Recommended Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) mechanism: Mediation
(See list of ADR processes set forth in Minn. Gen. R. Prac. 114.02(a))
Recommended ADR provider (known as a "neutral"):
Recommended ADR completion date: TBD
If applicable, reasons why ADR not appropriate for this case:
By signing below, the attorney or party submitting this form certifies that the above information
is true and correct.
Submitted by: Jennell K. Shannon
Attorney License: 0398672
Firm: Johnson Becker, PLLC
Address: 444 Cedar Street, Suite 1800, St. Paul, MN 55101
Telephone: 612-436-1800
Date: 08/30/2019

State of Minnesota Hennepin County District Court Fourth Judicial District

Court File Number: 27-CV-19-14774

Case Type: Employment

Notice of Judicial Assignment-General Civil Block Cases

FILE COPY

PAUL JAMES GESTACH vs Auto Butler, Inc.

Date Case Filed: August 30, 2019

All future papers must include the above file number, name of assigned judge, attorney identification number, and must otherwise conform to format requirements or they will be returned.

This case is assigned the following judicial officer for all further proceedings:

District Court Judge Jamle L. Anderson 612-348-0127

Mailing Address: 300 South Sixth Street, MC 332, Minneapolis, MN 55487-0332

Parties:

If you receive this notice and have obtained an attemey, notify him/her of this assignment immediately

Attorneys:

Only the first listed attorney for a party is belific sent this holles. If you are the attorney receiving this notice, contact all other attorneys representing your party of the judge assignment and requirements.

The filing attorney/party is responsible for notifying all allowers/parties not listed on the Civil Cover sheet of the ludge assignment and requirements.

Per Supreme Court order, e-filing is mandatory in this case for all attorneys and government agencies.

Unrepresented parties are excluded by this order. Attorneys or government agencies must also e-serve all documents required or permitted to be served on this rattorneys or government agencies. Upon receipt of this notice, attorneys and government agencies shall infinediately add their firm/agency's service contact(s) for this case to the e-filing system. For further information on e-filing, go to:

http://www.mncourts.gov/district/4/?page=3953.

All future hearings and trial dates will be scheduled by the courtroom staff. Check with the Court Display Monitors on the Public Service Level for the location on the day of the hearing.

A notice to remove this Judicial officer must comply with Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure 63.03 and Minnesota Statute § 542.16.

Fallure to timely file any required document or other fallure to comply with the General Rules of Practice for the District Courts may result in the impositions of sanctions, including possible dismissal of the case or striking of the Answer.

The Minnesota Supreme Court has adopted time objectives for the disposition of civil cases. The Fourth Judicial District adheres to these objectives which are: 90% of the cases should be disposed of within 12 months, 97% within 18 months, and 99% within 24 months of filing.

Dated: September 3, 2019

Sarah Lindahl-Pfleffer Court Administrator Hennepin

cc: Auto Butler, Inc.
JENNELL KRISTINE SHANNON

CASE TYPE: EMPLOYMENT

STATE OF MINNESOTA

DISTRICT COURT

COUNTY OF HENNEPIN

FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

Paul Gestach,

Court File No.: 27-CV-19-14774

Plaintiff,

The Honorable Jamie L. Anderson

٧.

Auto Butler, Inc.,

Defendant.

NOTICE OF FILING NOTICE OF REMOVAL

To: Hennepin County Court Administrator, Hennepin County Government Center, 300 South Sixth Street, Minneapolis, MN 55487, and Plaintiff and his attorneys, Jennell K. Shannon, Johnson Becker, PLLC, 444 Cedar Street, Suite 1800, St. Paul, MN 55101

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Defendant Auto Butler, Inc. filed a Notice of Removal pursuant to 28 USC § 1446 in the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota on October 8, 2019, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit A. You are further notified that this court shall proceed no further unless and until this case is remanded.

HENSON & EFRON, P.A.

Dated: October 8, 2019

By /s/Scott A. Neilson Scott A. Neilson, #239951 220 South Sixth Street, Suite 1800 Minneapolis, MN 55402-4503 (612) 339-2500 sneilson@hensonefron.com

Attorneys for Defendant

